

Conflict of Interest Policy

This Conflict of Interest Policy governs the activities of the board and staff of Community Matters Toronto. Questions about the policy should be directed to The Executive Director or Board Chair. It is the duty of all board members and staff to be aware of this policy, and to identify conflicts of interest and situations that may result in the appearance of a conflict and to disclose those situations/conflicts/or potential conflicts to (i) the employee's supervisor (ii) the executive director, (iii) the Chair of the Board. This policy provides guidelines for identifying conflicts, disclosing conflicts and procedures to be followed to assist to manage conflicts of interest and situations that may result in the appearance of a conflict.

- 1. What is a conflict of interest? A conflict of interest arises when a board member or staff member has a personal interest that conflicts with the interests of Community Matters or arise in situations where a board/staff member has divided loyaltie. Similarly, situations or transactions arising out of a conflict of interest can result in either inappropriate financial gain or the appearance of a lack of integrity in Community Matters decision-making process. Both results are damaging and are to be avoided.
 - Example #1: a person in a position of authority over the Organization may benefit financially from a transaction between the Organization and the board/staff member; or others closely associated with the board/staff member may be affected financially. Family members, or their businesses, or other persons or the businesses of persons with whom the board/staff member is closely associated, could benefit from similar transactions.
 - Example #2: A conflict of interest could be a direct or indirect financial interest such as those described
 above, or a personal interest such as the situation where a board member is also a board member of
 another nonprofit or for-profit entity in the community with which Community Matters collaborates or
 conducts business.
- 2. Who might be affected by this policy? Typically persons who are affected by a conflict of interest policy are the Organization's board members, officers, and senior staff. In some cases a major donor could also be in a conflict situation. Community Matters takes a broad view of conflicts and board/staff are urged to think of how a situation/transaction would appear to outside parties when identifying conflicts or possible conflicts of interest.
- 3. **Disclosure of Conflicts**. Board members and senior staff will annually disclose and promptly update any disclosures previously made concerning their interests that could give rise to conflicts of interest. Board and staff are also urged to disclose conflicts as they arise as well as to disclose those situations that are evolving that may result in a conflict of interest. Advance disclosure must occur so that a determination may be made as to the appropriate plan of action to manage the conflict. Staff should disclose the conflict as soon as the person with the conflict is aware of the conflict/potential conflict or appearance of a conflict exists.
- 4. **Procedures to manage conflicts**. For each interest disclosed, the full board, or the Executive Director or the Chair, as appropriate, will determine whether the organization should: (a) take no action or (b) disclose the situation more broadly and invite discussion/resolution by the full board of what action to take, or (c) refrain from taking action and otherwise avoid the conflict. In most cases the broadest disclosure possible is advisable so that decision-makers can make informed decisions that are in the best interests of the organization.
 - When the conflict involves a decision-maker, the person with the conflict: (i) must fully disclose the conflict to all other decision-makers; (ii) may not be involved in the decision of what action to take but may serve as a resource to provide other decision-makers with needed information.
 - In some cases the person with the conflict may be asked to recuse him/herself from sensitive discussions so as not to unduly influence the discussion of the conflict.



- In all cases, decisions involving a conflict will be made only be disinterested persons
- The fact that a conflict was managed and the outcome will be documented in the minutes of board meetings if the conflict was related to a board member, and reported by the Executive Director to the board/Chair of the board/other appropriate committee of the board (e.g., Audit committee) if the conflict was related to a staff member.
- The Chair/Executive Director will monitor proposed or ongoing transactions of the organization for conflicts of interest and disclose them to the Board and staff, as appropriate, whether discovered before or after the transaction has occurred.

Approved by the Board April 2013